# **Wheeled Mobility and Seating Evaluation**

### **PATIENT INFORMATION**

Name DO					Sex	Date	Time	
Address		Medical Record #				D/C Date		
		Therapist				The following supplier/ATP was present and participated in this		
		Therapist seating CR	T experien	ce and cre	dentials	evaluation and rec		
Phone		Physician						
Spouse/Parent/Caregiv	er Name	1º Insurance/Payor	r			Supplier Compar	ıy	
Phone		Policy # 2º Insurance/Payor				Phone		
Filone		Policy #	ı			riione		
Reason for Referral	☐ Current w/c no long ☐ Non-ambulatory	ger meets needs   Ambulation not						
Patient Goals			Паоропас	,,, care e	· · ·····oiy			
Caregiver Goals								
Specific Mobility Limitations that May								
Affect Care	☐ See FMA in Medic	al Record						
MEDICAL HISTORY								
Diagnosis ICD10 Code	1° Dx Onset			ICD10 Code		Diagnosis		
ICD10	Diagnosis			ICD10 Diagnosis				
Progressive Releva Disease	nt Past and/or Future	Surgeries  Bone		Code Muscl	e 🗌 Join	t 🗌		
	Explain recent changes	s or trends in weight						
Pertinent Medical Histo	ory							
Autonomic Intac System Comments	ct	☐ Hx of Autonomic [	Dysreflexia	a 🗌 H	lx of Therr	moregulatory Dysfu	nction	
Cardiac Resting Status Resting	JHR/Pulse I BP	Functional Limitation	ons					
☐ Intact ☐ Impaired ☐ Hx of Tachycardia / E	d Severely Impa	aired Pace Ma of Orthostatic Hypote		☐ Cardiac☐ Synco	Precautio	ns	☐ Hx of A-fib	
Comments								
	g Resp. Rate g O <sub>2</sub> Sat	Functional Limitation	ons					
☐ Intact ☐ Impaired☐ Hx of Chronic Conge	d SOB C	D <sub>2</sub> PRN L / I	Min.	O <sub>2</sub> Dep		L / Min.	ntilator Dep	
Comments	oue <u> </u>							
Medications that may a		oning						
Prosthetics, Orthotics								

CURRENT MOBILITY A		1 /		
Current Mobility Device	☐ None ☐ Can☐ Power w/ tilt	ne Walker Stroller Power w/ recline	Manual w/	/c ☐ Manual w/ tilt ☐ Manual w/ recline ecline ☐ w/ seat elevator ☐ w/ stand
Manufacturer		Model		Type of control
Serial #		Color		A
Additional Components		Coloi		Age of Mobility Base
Seat Height		Seat Width		Seat Depth
Condition of Current Mobility				
Problems with Current Mobili	ty Device			
Current Seating System				
COMPONENT	MANUFACTURE	ER / CONDITION / PROBL	.EMS	Age of Seating Components
Seat Base				
Mounting Hardware				
Cushion				
Pelvic Support				
Lateral Thigh/Knee Support				
Medial Knee Support				
Foot Support				
Foot Strap / Heel Loop				
Back				
Mounting Hardware				
Lateral Trunk Supports				
Chest / Shoulder Support				
Head Support				
Mounting Hardware				
UE Support				
Mounting Hardware Other				
Other	O Lamath	Or real IM/C Mis	lal.	Occasil W/O Haight
When Relevant Overall W/0  This section was complete.		Overall W/C Wid		Overall W/C Height ent mobility device meeting the patient's
	eled by i flysiolar,	Cillinian evaluating pation		unctional, environmental and medical needs?
☐ This section was compl	eted by supplier A	TP present at the evaluation	n l	□ No
☐ This section was compl	leted by supplier A	TP on a separate documer	of Comments	s
11110 0001011 1100 001171	eted by Supplie. 7.	Ti on a soparato accamen	11	
HOME ENVIRONMENT				
Setting: Rural Urba				Rough Terrain Other
☐ House ☐ Condo/Towr☐ Lives Alone / No Caregive		rtment ☐ Asst Living ne / Caregiver Asst ☐ Liv		Other Own Rent er(s) Hours Home Alone
Comments	319 LIVES AIGH	ie / Caregiver Asst Liv	es with Caregive	si(5) Hours Home Alone
Ability to safely reach (in sitti				dicine Cabinet
Freezer/Refrigerator	Oven/Stove	☐ Microwave	☐ Kitchen Sink	<del>_</del> · <u>_</u>
☐ Light Switches ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐		☐ Phone ☐ Fire Alar ching Comments	m 🗆 рооі	r Eye Hole/Viewer
Home is Accessible to Whee			storage of Wheel	Ichair 🗌 In Home 🔲 Other
Stairs ☐ Yes_ ☐ No Rai	mp 🗌 Yes 🔲 No	o Degree of Incline	Thresho	olds
Surfaces Carpet (Des		_ Tile	od   Stone/E	Brick  Other
Non-accessible areas in hom	е			
Modifications planned <b>Comments</b>				
This section completed by	] Physician/Clinicia	an Supplier ATP	Supplier ATP or	n a separate document (check all that apply)

COMMUNITY EI						
Employment/Volu						
	c requirements pertaining to mobility					
School	c requirements partaining to mobility					
Other Community	c requirements pertaining to mobility  Mobility Medical Appointments Religious Civic Duties Other					
□ IADLs	- Trongloss - one ballet - one ballet					
	c requirements pertaining to mobility					
This section comple	eted by Physician/Clinician Supplier ATP Supplier ATP on a separate document (check all that apply)					
TRANSPORTAT	ΓΙΟΝ					
☐ Car ☐ Van ☐ S	SUV/Truck  Public Transportation  School Bus  Van Service  Ambulance  Other					
Vehicle Adaptatio	ns					
☐ Tie Downs Ty	ype					
Method of Riding	☐ Rides in w/c ☐ Rides in vehicle seat/car seat ☐ Self drives from w/c ☐ Self drives in driver's seat					
Other						
_	w/c stored during transport? ☐ N/A ☐ Front seat ☐ Back seat ☐ Trunk/Bed/Cargo area ☐ Vehicle lift					
	Size of area needed for transport (WxDxL)					
If necessary, client	or caregiver can load/unload equipment into vehicle					
Vehicle Dimension	ns					
Door Height	ns Inside Height Door Width Weight Capacity					
Ramp WxL	Weight Capacity					
Other						
This section comple	eted by Physician/Clinician Supplier ATP Supplier ATP on a separate document (check all that apply)					
<b>CURRENT MRA</b>	ADL Status (Getting to the location where the ADL is performed with present MAE)					
	Indep Indep Assist Unable/ N/A Comments / Equipment					
	without with bep with					
	MAE current current   mAE MAE MAE MAE					
Dressing						
Eating						
Grooming/Hygiene						
Toileting						
Bathing						
IADLS						
Bowel Mgmt L	Continent   Incontinent   Accidents   Protective Undergarments   Colostomy   Bowel Program					
Bladder Mgmt	Continent					
☐ Intermittent Car						
Comments						
DESCRIBE WHA	AT HAS CHANGED TO REQUIRE NEW AND/OR DIFFERENT MOBILITY ASSISTIVE EQUIPMENT					
DESCRIBE WITH	AT THAS CHANGED TO REQUIRE NEW AND/OR DITTERENT MODIETT ASSISTIVE EQUIPMENT					
	PHYSICAL / FUNCTIONAL EVALUATION					
VERBAL COMM						
1° Language	2° Language					
	ovided by: Patient Family/Caregiver Translator AAC Other					
WFL Receptive						
	ommunicator – Method  Communication Device Manufacturer/Model					
Augmentative C						

Visual Processing ☐ Intact ☐ Impa	aired 🗌 Compens	sated Comments				
Motor Planning and ☐ Intact ☐ Impa	aired 🗌 Compens	Comments				
Execution	alled 🔲 Compens	saleu				
Safety awareness of self	aired 🗌 Compens	Comments				
and otners		balcu				
Attention to environment						
Behavioral Status						
Additional comments regarding processing skills a	and ability to safely	use wheelchair				
DAIN CENCATION and CKIN INTEGRIT	TV					
PAIN, SENSATION and SKIN INTEGRIT						
	essure Relief					
I I Intact I I Impaired I I Absent I	•	·	erfusion at seated surface Yes No			
□ Hypoconcato □ Hyporconcato Me		up (independently, without				
I riyposerisate Triyperserisate	Lean side to side	(without risk of falling)	☐ W/C push up (4+ times / hour for 15+ sec.) ently throughout the day ☐ Ves ☐ No			
		od(s) performed consiste	ently throughout the day $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$			
	no, why not?					
<b>Comments</b> Use	ses seat functions to	o perform pressure relie	ef Yes No $\square$ N/A $\square$ on File			
Pre	ressure Map Resul	lts	□ N/A □ on File			
	x of Pressure Injury		Hx of Skin/Flap Surgery ☐ Yes ☐ No			
			Location(s)			
	ocation(s)		When			
	hen		Comments			
]		nce □ Yes □ No	Comments			
Size(es) Ho	ours per Day					
☐ Scar Tissue ☐ At Risk -Prolonged Sitting						
Risk Factors for Skin Braden Score, if administ	stered (Brad	en Scale is used for indivi				
☐ Bony prominences ☐ Immobility ☐	Incontinence	☐ Impaired nutrition	nal or hydration status   Aging skin			
Bony prominences ☐ Immobility ☐ Incontinence ☐ Impaired nutritional or hydration status ☐ Aging skin ☐ Compromised circulatory status ☐ Tendency towards moisture build up (profound perspiration, skin folds)						
<u> </u>		•				
☐ Compromised circulatory status ☐ Tend		•				
☐ Compromised circulatory status ☐ Tend☐ Other	dency towards mois	sture build up (profound	d perspiration, skin folds)			
☐ Compromised circulatory status       ☐ Tend         ☐ Other       Complaint of Pain       Severity (No pain) ☐ 0	dency towards mois	sture build up (profound	d perspiration, skin folds)			
☐ Compromised circulatory status ☐ Tend☐ Other	dency towards mois	sture build up (profound	d perspiration, skin folds)			
☐ Compromised circulatory status       ☐ Tend         ☐ Other       Complaint of Pain       Severity (No pain) ☐ 0	dency towards mois	sture build up (profound	d perspiration, skin folds)			
☐ Compromised circulatory status ☐ Tend☐ Other  Complaint of Pain Severity (No pain) ☐ 0 Location(s)	dency towards mois	sture build up (profound	d perspiration, skin folds)			
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☐ Compromised circulatory status ☐ Tend☐ Other  Complaint of Pain Severity (No pain) ☐ 0 Location(s)  How does pain affect mobility, sitting and/or A	dency towards mois	sture build up (profound	d perspiration, skin folds)			
☐ Compromised circulatory status ☐ Tend☐ Other  Complaint of Pain Severity (No pain) ☐ 0 Location(s)  How does pain affect mobility, sitting and/or A  STRENGTH / RANGE OF MOTION	dency towards mois	sture build up (profound	d perspiration, skin folds)			
☐ Compromised circulatory status ☐ Tend ☐ Other  Complaint of Pain Severity (No pain) ☐ 0 Location(s)  How does pain affect mobility, sitting and/or A  STRENGTH / RANGE OF MOTION  Gross Overall Strength	dency towards mois	sture build up (profound	d perspiration, skin folds)			
☐ Compromised circulatory status ☐ Tend ☐ Other  Complaint of Pain Severity (No pain) ☐ 0 Location(s)  How does pain affect mobility, sitting and/or A  STRENGTH / RANGE OF MOTION  Gross Overall Strength Upper Extremity Lower Ex	dency towards mois  1 2  ADLs?  Extremity S	sture build up (profound 3	d perspiration, skin folds)			
□ Compromised circulatory status     □ Other  Complaint of Pain Severity (No pain) □ 0 Location(s)  How does pain affect mobility, sitting and/or A  STRENGTH / RANGE OF MOTION  Gross Overall Strength  Upper Extremity Lower Extremity Lower Extremity Normal 5 / 5 □ Normal 5 / 5	dency towards mois  1 2  ADLs?  Extremity S  5	sture build up (profound 3	d perspiration, skin folds)			
□ Compromised circulatory status □ Tend   □ Other Complaint of Pain Severity (No pain) □ 0   Location(s) Location(s)    How does pain affect mobility, sitting and/or A  STRENGTH / RANGE OF MOTION  Gross Overall Strength  Upper Extremity □ Normal 5 / 5 □ - □ Normal 5 / 5 □ Good 4 / 5 □ + □ - □ Good 4 / 5	ADLs?  Extremity  5	sture build up (profound 3	d perspiration, skin folds)			
☐ Compromised circulatory status ☐ Tend   ☐ Other Complaint of Pain Severity (No pain) ☐ 0   Location(s) Becomplaint of Pain Severity (No pain) ☐ 0   How does pain affect mobility, sitting and/or And	ADLs?  Extremity  5	sture build up (profound 3	d perspiration, skin folds)			
☐ Compromised circulatory status ☐ Tend   ☐ Other Complaint of Pain Severity (No pain) ☐ 0   Location(s) Becomplaint of Pain Severity (No pain) ☐ 0   How does pain affect mobility, sitting and/or And a	ADLs?  Extremity  5	Shoulder Elbow Vrist Hand	d perspiration, skin folds)			
☐ Compromised circulatory status ☐ Tend   ☐ Other Complaint of Pain Severity (No pain) ☐ 0   Location(s) Becomplaint of Pain Severity (No pain) ☐ 0   How does pain affect mobility, sitting and/or And	ADLs?  Extremity  5	Shoulder Elbow Vrist Hand	d perspiration, skin folds)			
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☐ Compromised circulatory status ☐ Tend   ☐ Other Complaint of Pain Severity (No pain) ☐ 0   Location(s) Becomplaint of Pain Severity (No pain) ☐ 0   How does pain affect mobility, sitting and/or And	ADLs?  Extremity S 5	Ground Gr	d perspiration, skin folds)			
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☐ Compromised circulatory status ☐ Tend   ☐ Other Complaint of Pain Severity (No pain) ☐ 0   Location(s) Severity (No pain) ☐ 0   How does pain affect mobility, sitting and/or A    STRENGTH / RANGE OF MOTION   Gross Overall Strength  Upper Extremity ☐ Normal 5 / 5 ☐ - ☐ Normal 5 / 5 ☐ Good 4 / 5 ☐ + ☐ - ☐ Good 4 / 5 ☐ Fair 3 / 5 ☐ Poor 2 / 5 ☐ Trace 1 / 5 ☐ + ☐ - ☐ Poor 2 / 5 ☐ Trace 1 / 5 ☐ Hoo Movement   ☐ No Movement ☐ No Movement   ☐ Manual Muscle Test on file/limitations noted or design and solve and	ADLs?  Extremity S 5	Ground Gr	d perspiration, skin folds)  6			
☐ Compromised circulatory status ☐ Tend   ☐ Other Complaint of Pain Severity (No pain) ☐ 0   Location(s) Severity (No pain) ☐ 0   How does pain affect mobility, sitting and/or A    STRENGTH / RANGE OF MOTION   Gross Overall Strength  Upper Extremity ☐ Normal 5 / 5 ☐ - ☐ Normal 5 / 5 ☐ Good 4 / 5 ☐ + ☐ - ☐ Good 4 / 5 ☐ Fair 3 / 5 ☐ Poor 2 / 5 ☐ Trace 1 / 5 ☐ + ☐ - ☐ Poor 2 / 5 ☐ Trace 1 / 5 ☐ Hoo Movement   ☐ No Movement ☐ No Movement   ☐ Manual Muscle Test on file/limitations noted or design and solve and	ADLs?  Extremity S 5	Ground Gr	d perspiration, skin folds)  6			
☐ Compromised circulatory status ☐ Tend   ☐ Other Complaint of Pain Severity (No pain) ☐ 0   Location(s) Location(s)   How does pain affect mobility, sitting and/or A    STRENGTH / RANGE OF MOTION  Gross Overall Strength  Upper Extremity ☐ Lower Extremity ☐ Normal 5/5 ☐ ☐ Normal 5/5 ☐ ☐ Normal 5/5 ☐ ☐ Fair 3/5 ☐ ☐ Fair 3/5 ☐ ☐ ☐ Fair 3/5 ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐	ADLs?  Extremity S 5	Ground Gr	d perspiration, skin folds)  6			
☐ Compromised circulatory status ☐ Tend   ☐ Other Complaint of Pain Severity (No pain) ☐ 0   Location(s) Location(s)   How does pain affect mobility, sitting and/or A    STRENGTH / RANGE OF MOTION  Gross Overall Strength  Upper Extremity ☐ Normal 5/5 ☐ ☐ Normal 5/5 ☐ Good 4/5 ☐ ☐ Normal 5/5 ☐ Fair 3/5 ☐ ☐ Fair 3/5 ☐ Poor 2/5 ☐ ☐ Fair 3/5 ☐ Poor 2/5 ☐ ☐ Poor 2/5 ☐ Trace 1/5 ☐ ☐ Trace 1/5 ☐ No Movement ☐ No Movement   ☐ Manual Muscle Test on file/limitations noted of Comments    BALANCE	1	Groshoulder  Ghoulder  Elbow Vrist Hand Hip Knee  Ankle  Goniometric Measur	d perspiration, skin folds)  6			
☐ Compromised circulatory status ☐ Tend   ☐ Other Complaint of Pain Severity (No pain) ☐ 0   Location(s) Location(s)   How does pain affect mobility, sitting and/or A   STRENGTH / RANGE OF MOTION   Gross Overall Strength   Upper Extremity Lower Extremity   ☐ Normal 5 / 5 ☐ Normal 5 / 5   ☐ Good 4 / 5 ☐ + ☐ ☐ Good 4 / 5   ☐ Fair 3 / 5 ☐ H ☐ ☐ Fair 3 / 5   ☐ Poor 2 / 5 ☐ H ☐ ☐ Poor 2 / 5   ☐ Trace 1 / 5 ☐ H ☐ ☐ No Movement   ☐ Manual Muscle Test on file/limitations noted of Comments    BALANCE  Static Sitting  Dynamic	1	Static Standing	d perspiration, skin folds)  6 7 8 9 10 (Worst)  Dess Range of Motion  rements on file/limitations noted on pgs 6/7  Dynamic Standing			
□ Compromised circulatory status □ Tend   □ Other Complaint of Pain Severity (No pain) □ 0   Location(s) Location(s)   How does pain affect mobility, sitting and/or A   STRENGTH / RANGE OF MOTION   Gross Overall Strength   Upper Extremity Lower Extremity   □ Normal 5 / 5 □ Normal 5 / 5   □ Good 4 / 5 □ + □ - □ Good 4 / 5   □ Fair 3 / 5 □ + □ - □ Fair 3 / 5   □ Poor 2 / 5 □ + □ - □ Poor 2 / 5   □ Trace 1 / 5 □ + □ - □ Trace 1 / 5   □ No Movement □ No Movement   □ Manual Muscle Test on file/limitations noted or Comments    BALANCE  Static Sitting  □ Independent □ Independent □ Independent	1	Static Standing	g Dynamic Standing			
□ Compromised circulatory status □ Tend   □ Other Complaint of Pain Severity (No pain) □ 0   Location(s) Location(s)   How does pain affect mobility, sitting and/or A   STRENGTH / RANGE OF MOTION   Gross Overall Strength   Upper Extremity Lower Extremity   □ Normal 5 / 5 □ Normal 5 / 5   □ Good 4 / 5 □ + □ - □ Good 4 / 5   □ Fair 3 / 5 □ + □ - □ Fair 3 / 5   □ Poor 2 / 5 □ + □ - □ Poor 2 / 5   □ Trace 1 / 5 □ + □ - □ Trace 1 / 5   □ No Movement □ No Movement   □ Manual Muscle Test on file/limitations noted or Comments    BALANCE  Static Sitting  □ Independent □ Independent □ Independent □ Min assist □ Min assist □ Min assist	1	Static Standing	d perspiration, skin folds)  6 7 8 9 10 (Worst)  Dess Range of Motion  rements on file/limitations noted on pgs 6/7  Dynamic Standing			
☐ Compromised circulatory status ☐ Tend   ☐ Other Complaint of Pain Severity (No pain) ☐ 0   Location(s) Location(s)   How does pain affect mobility, sitting and/or A   STRENGTH / RANGE OF MOTION   Gross Overall Strength   Upper Extremity Lower Extremity   ☐ Normal 5 / 5 ☐ Normal 5 / 5   ☐ Good 4 / 5 ☐ + ☐ ☐ Good 4 / 5   ☐ Fair 3 / 5 ☐ Hoor 2 / 5   ☐ Trace 1 / 5 ☐ Hoor 2 / 5   ☐ No Movement ☐ No Movement   ☐ Manual Muscle Test on file/limitations noted on the composition of the compositio	1	Static Standing	g Dynamic Standing			
☐ Compromised circulatory status ☐ Tend   ☐ Other Complaint of Pain Severity (No pain) ☐ 0   Location(s) Location(s)   How does pain affect mobility, sitting and/or A   STRENGTH / RANGE OF MOTION   Gross Overall Strength   Upper Extremity Lower Extremity   ☐ Normal 5 / 5 ☐ Normal 5 / 5   ☐ Good 4 / 5 ☐ + ☐ - ☐ Good 4 / 5   ☐ Fair 3 / 5 ☐ Hoor 2 / 5   ☐ Trace 1 / 5 ☐ Hoor 2 / 5   ☐ No Movement ☐ No Movement   ☐ Manual Muscle Test on file/limitations noted on the complex of the co	1	Groshoulder Shoulder Elbow Vrist Hand Hip Knee Ankle Goniometric Measur Independent Min assist Mod assist Max assist	g Dynamic Standing    Grand   Dynamic Standing   Dy			
□ Compromised circulatory status □ Tend   □ Other Complaint of Pain Severity (No pain) □ 0   Location(s) Location(s)   How does pain affect mobility, sitting and/or A   STRENGTH / RANGE OF MOTION   Gross Overall Strength   Upper Extremity Lower Extremity   □ Normal 5 / 5 □ Normal 5 / 5   □ Good 4 / 5 □ + □ - □ Good 4 / 5   □ Fair 3 / 5 □ + □ - □ Fair 3 / 5   □ Poor 2 / 5 □ + □ - □ Poor 2 / 5   □ Trace 1 / 5 □ + □ - □ Trace 1 / 5   □ No Movement □ No Movement   □ Manual Muscle Test on file/limitations noted on the properties of the properties o	1	Static Standing  Static Standing  Min assist  Mod assist  Max assist  Uses UE	g Dynamic Standing  Independent Min assist Max assist Max assist Uses UE			
☐ Compromised circulatory status ☐ Tend   ☐ Other Complaint of Pain Severity (No pain) ☐ 0   Location(s) Location(s)   How does pain affect mobility, sitting and/or A   STRENGTH / RANGE OF MOTION   Gross Overall Strength   Upper Extremity Lower Extremity   ☐ Normal 5 / 5 ☐ Normal 5 / 5   ☐ Good 4 / 5 ☐ + ☐ - ☐ Good 4 / 5   ☐ Fair 3 / 5 ☐ Hoor 2 / 5   ☐ Trace 1 / 5 ☐ Hoor 2 / 5   ☐ No Movement ☐ No Movement   ☐ Manual Muscle Test on file/limitations noted on the complex of the co	1	Groshoulder Shoulder Elbow Vrist Hand Hip Knee Ankle Goniometric Measur Independent Min assist Mod assist Max assist	g Dynamic Standing    Grand   Dynamic Standing   Dy			

#### **NEURO-MOTOR** WNL MODIFIED ASHWORTH SCORE (0, 1, 1+, 2, 3, 4) ☐ Primitive Reflexes ☐ Spasticity / Hypertonicity ☐ Muscle(s) Tested ☐ On file ☐ noted on pgs 6/7 Score ☐ Flaccidity / Hypotonicity ☐ Tremors ☐ Fluctuating Tone ☐ Muscle Spasms / Clonus ☐ Ataxia Paralysis ☐ Athetoid Movements Dystonia Comments MEASUREMENTS in SITTING Comments K Left Right Α Buttock/thigh depth Top of head В Κ Shoulder width Lower leg length С L Chest width Foot length D Ischial depth М Hip width Ε Seat to elbow height Ν External knee width F 0 PSIS height Internal knee width G Inferior scapular height External ankle/foot (at widest point) н Axilla height Shoulder height (top) Overall width (asymmetrical width Overall depth (leg length discrepancy, for windswept legs, scoliotic posture accommodate adipose tissue or other or other postural asymmetry posture This section completed by Physician/Clinician Supplier ATP Supplier ATP on a separate document (check all that apply) Orientation of Seat to Back and Seat to Thigh Supports Accommodate ☐ Left ☐ Right ☐ Both sides ☐ Left ☐ Right ☐ Both sides Comments Pelvis to thigh angle ☐ Greater than 90° Less than 90°

☐ Less than 90°

Less than 90°

☐ Greater than 90°

☐ Greater than 90°

Thigh to trunk angle

Thigh to calf angle

## **POSTURE in SITTING**

				COMMENTS
	Anterior / Posterior	<b>Obliquity</b> (viewed from behind)	Rotation - Pelvis	Tonal Influence
P E L V - S	Neutral Posterior Anterior	WFL L low R low (Obliquity)	WFL Right Left Anterior Anterior	Pelvis:  Normal Paralysis Flaccid Low tone High tone
	Non-Reducible (Fixed)     Partly Reducible     Reducible (Flexible)     Self    External Force     Tendency away from neutral  Comments	□ Non-Reducible (Fixed)     □ Partly Reducible     □ Reducible (Flexible)     □ Self    □ External Force     □ Tendency away from neutral	□ Non-Reducible (Fixed)     □ Partly Reducible     □ Reducible (Flexible)     □ Self    □ External Force     □ Tendency away from neutral	☐ Spasticity ☐ Dystonia ☐ Pelvic thrust ☐ Other:
	Comments			
TRUNK	Anterior / Posterior	Left / Right -Scoliosis	Rotation – Shoulders	Tonal Influence
			and Upper Trunk	Trunk:  Normal Paralysis Flaccid
	□ □ □  WFL ↑ Thoracic ↓ Thoracic  Kyphosis Kyphosis	☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐	☐ Neutral ☐ Left-anterior ☐ Right-anterior	☐ Low tone ☐ High tone ☐ Spasticity ☐ Dystonia
	↓ Lumbar ↑ Lumbar Lordosis Lordosis      ☐ Non-Reducible (Fixed)     ☐ Partly Reducible     ☐ Reducible (Flexible)     ☐ Self ☐ External Force     ☐ Tendency away from neutral		<ul> <li>Non-Reducible (Fixed)</li> <li>Partly Reducible</li> <li>Reducible (Flexible)</li> <li>Self ☐ External Force</li> <li>Tendency away from neutral</li> </ul>	☐ Pelvic thrust ☐ Other
	Position	Windswept	Tone/Movements LE	
H	Neutral ABduct ADduct	Neutral Right Left	☐ Flaccid ☐ Sp	igh tone pasticity ystonia
	□ Non-Reducible (Fixed)     □ Partly Reducible     □ Reducible (Flexible)     □ Tendency away from neutral     □ Dislocated    □ Subluxed	□ Non-Reducible (Fixed)     □ Partly Reducible     □ Reducible (Flexible)     □ Self    □ External Force     □ Tendency away from neutral	☐ Rocks/extends at hip ☐ Kicks into knee extensio ☐ Pushes legs downward ☐ Spasms/tremors with or ☐	into footrests
	KNEES	FEET/A	NKLES	EDEMA SCALE
KNEES & FEET	WFL	WFL	Dorsi-Flexed	1+ (barely detectible) 2+ (slight indentation, 15 sec. to rebound) 3+ (deeper indentation,
	Partly Reducible	Partly Reducible	Inversion	30 sec. to rebound) 4+ (> 30 sec. to rebound)
	neutral	from neutral  Edema + L (fig. 8in.) /	<u>+</u> R (fig. 8in.)	

	☐ Functional		☐ Good Head Contro	ol		Describe Tone/Movement of Head and Neck			
HEAD	Flexed	☐ Extended	☐ Adequate Head Co	ontrol					
&	☐ Rotated L	☐ Rotated R	Limited Head Cont						
NECK	Lat Flexed L	Lat Flexed R	☐ Absent Head Cont	rol					
	•	•	☐ Cervical Hyperexte	ension					
	☐ Non-Reducible	le 🔲 Parti	ally Reducible	Reduc					
	(Fixed)			(Flexib					
	☐ Tendency aw		☐ Self ☐ E						
ARMS	SHOUL		ELBOWS / FOR					Tonal Influ	
	Functional	☐ L	Functional		R	Functional React	h (in.)	Upper Extre	emities
	Elevated	☐ L	Flexed		R	Right	Left	OLS.	
	Depressed	☐ L	Extended		□R	Sitting		☐ Paralys	is
	Protracted	□L□R	Pronated		□R	Elevated		☐ Flaccid	
	Retracted	□L□R	Supinated	Пы	ΠR	Standing		Low ton	_
	Subluxed	R	'		_ □ R			High to	
	Rotated				 R			☐ Spastic☐ Dystoni	
	Non-Reducible (Fix		Non-Reducible (Fixed)		= □ R	☐ Good UE mvmt/co	ntrol	☐ Dystorii	a
	Partially Reducible	· — —	Partially Reducible		 R	Functional UE mvmt/	/control		
	Reducible (Flexible		Reducible (Flexible)		\ R	Limited UE mvmt/d		Specific	014
	Tendency away fro		Tendency away from			Absent UE mvmt/d		Strength/R	OM
	neutral		neutral		R			133063.	
WRISTS	WRI		H	IANDS			_		
HANDS	Functional	☐ L	Functional			Handedness L	□R		
	Flexed	☐ L	Flexed		R				
	Extended	☐ L	Extended		R	Grip strength L	#		
	Deviated (describe)	☐ L	Deviated (describe)		R	Grip strength R	#		
	Non-Reducible (Fix	ked) L R	Non-Reducible (Fixed)		R				
	Partially Reducible	☐ L	Partially Reducible		R	Edema L	_+		
	Reducible (Flexible	e)	Reducible (Flexible)		R	Edema R	+		
	Tendency away fro		Tendency away from		D		_		
	neutral		neutral		IX				
			MOBILITY EV	A	10k	ı			
			WOBILITE	ALUAI	IOI	•			
TRANSFE	ERS and AMB	ULATION							
Tr	ansfers			Α	mbı	ılation			
☐ Indeper		☐ Indep	_ft. 🗌 w/ device 🔲 w/o	device		Standby Asst/Supervision	on 🗌	w/ device	w/o device
	//Contact Assist		Smooth/Level Surfaces		<u> </u>	Contact Guard		w/ device	w/o device
☐ Min Ass☐ Mod As		Chask all	Carpet			Min Physical Asst Mod Physical Asst		w/ device	w/o device
☐ Max As		Check all that apply	Uneven Terrain Curbs, Stairs		$\forall$	Max Physical Asst	<u> </u>	w/ device w/ device	w/o device w/o device
Depend			Ramps/Inclines		<u> </u>	Distance ft.		- W 401.00 <u> </u>	1 We device
			Other			Dependent / Unable t	o Ambu	ulate	
	sfer Method	Ambulation flu	ctuates due to						
Stand P		_							
Sliding I		Comments							
	ng Required								
	mend transfer	Timed Up and 0	Go Test sec. [60	-69 yo. = 8.	lsec (7	7.1-9.0), 70-79 yo. = 9.2 sec (8	.2-10.2), 7	0-99 yo. = 11.3 se	c (10.0-12.7)]
training		Fall History: # o	f falls in the past 6 mo.			# of "near" falls in			
ΕΧΡΙ ΔΙΝ	I WHY PATIENT	IS NON-AMRI	JLATORY or NOT A	FUNC	TION	IAL AMRIJI ATOR			
	1	Comments		5.10					
	ac System atory System								
	uloskeletal Sys								
	omuscular Sys								
	onary System								
	oriary Cystonii								
	I								

WHEELCHAIR SKILLS (Shown	by Tria	ıl)										
	Indep	Assist	Dependent Unable	N/A*								
Manual W/C Propulsion						☐ Sa	fe	$\Box$	Tim	ely	Distance	ft.
Device trialed			the MWC fo							Meth	od	
☐ *MWC ruled out due to			the MWC in the MWC tu			/ turn	ina lo	.f+		Arm	☐ Left ☐ Ri	ght □ Both
Wive faled out due to			MWC w/c ski				ing le	:11		Foot	☐ Left ☐ R	ight □ Both
			dependent M				n spa	ce)				
Power Assist Propulsion Skills	<del></del>		•	,				,				
Device trialed												
	Indep	Assist	Dependent	N/A*	1							
			Unable									
Operate Scooter (POV)						☐ Sa	fe		Tim	_	Distance	ft.
Device trialed			te the POV fo							Com	ments	
☐ *POV ruled out due to			te the POV ir te the POV to			t / turn	ina le	_ft				
Inability to safely transfer indep.			er to / from P					511				
☐ Inability to sit in and use POV			and operate									
☐ Inability to operate the tiller	Reco	mmend l	POV skills tra	aining								
☐ Home does not support its use☐ Other												
FEATURES REQUIRED FOR SAFE USE	OF POV											
TEATORES REGULES FOR SAIL SOL	0. 1 0 1											
	Indep	Assist	Dependent	N/A*								
	шаср	7100101	Unable	14/71								
Operate PWC						☐ Sa	fe		Tim		Distance	ft.
Device trialed			te the PWC f		_					Com	ments	
☐ *PWC ruled out due to			te the PWC in te the PWC t			nt / turr	nina l	ρft				
Lower lever equipment meets			PWC w/c skil			it / taii	9	Oit				
patient's current mobility needs					Ŭ							
Other												
<b>EQUIPMENT TRIALS AND RESU</b>	I TC											
EQUIPMENT TRIALS AND RESU	LIJ											
SUMMARY: The least costly alternation												11 /6:16 :
☐ Crutch/Cane ☐ Walke ☐ Manual w/c with power assist		Scooter	anual w/c г	] Standa					are	mob		roller/tilt-in-space) Rehab power w/c
·					art	u i ow	CI W/				<u></u>	Trenab power w/c
Goals for Wheelchair Mobility and	_	-	a with mahili	tu roloto	<b>ا</b> ا	۸ ا ۱ م	/N /I D A	י ום	٥)			
Maximize independence with Maximize independence with								(DL	5)			
Dependent mobility for safe tra			Work arrayor				,					
Provide independent pressure												
Provide tilt to facilitate pressur												
Provide recline to facilitate pre Optimize pressure re-distributi		er, postui	rai controi, pr	nysiologi	ca	ii tunci	lionin	g, A	ADL	care		
Provide support needed to face		ction or s	afetv									
Provide corrective forces to as	ssist with r	maintainiı	ng or improvi									
Accommodate client's posture					a	re not	redu	cibl	e or	will ı	not tolerate co	rrective forces
☐ Client to be independent with r					ion	0004	ar ha:	al/	/bla	4465	olimination	
☐ Enhance physiological functio ☐ Manage tone/spasticity	n such as	มเคลเทเท	y, swallowing	y, uigesti	ωr	ı and/0	/סמוכ	wei/	bia	uuer	emmation	
Manage pain												
☐ Prevent medical complications												
Enhance ability to live in the co	mmunity	rather tha	an as instituti	on								
☐ Other												
☐ Other Comments												

### **EQUIPMENT RECOMMENDATIONS and JUSTIFICATION**

MOBILITY BASE	JUSTIFICATION					
Manufacturer  Model  Color  Seat Width  Seat Depth  Seat to Floor Height  Can be grown to Length of need  Length of need	provide transport from point A to B promote independent mobility not a safe, functional ambulator walker or cane inadequate non-ambulatory/cannot walk enhance ability to live in the community rather than an institution other	<ul> <li>width/depth necessary to accommodate anatomical measurement(s)</li> <li>equipment is a lifetime medical need decrease caregiver burden prevent medical complications manage pain maximize independence and self-determination</li> </ul>				
<ul><li>☐ Standard Manual Wheelchair Base</li><li>☐ Travel Base</li><li>☐ Dependent Base</li></ul>	☐ non-functional ambulator ☐ able to self-propel in residence ☐ unable to self-propel in residence	☐ non-ambulatory/cannot walk				
☐ Lightweight Manual Wheelchair	<ul> <li>self-propulsion</li> <li>medical condition/weight of w/c affect ability to self-propel standard MWC</li> <li>marginal propulsion skills/can and does self-propel</li> <li>wheelchair fits throughout house</li> </ul>	<ul><li>□ willing and motivated to use</li><li>□ seat to floor height required to foot propel</li><li>□</li></ul>				
<ul><li>☐ High-strength Lightweight MWC</li><li>☐ Hemi-height</li></ul>	□ self-propulsion □ medical condition/weight of w/c affect ability to self-propel standard MWC □ full-time daily use □ lower seat to floor height required to propel with foot/feet □ short stature	☐ requires features not available on a lightweight manual w/c ☐ requires a specific seat width, depth, or height ☐ willing and motivated to use ☐ required to load w/c into vehicle ☐				
☐ Ultra-lightweight MWC  Axle Position Adjustment Required  Vertical ☐ UE biomechanics (100°-120° degree elbow flexion) ☐ seat slope (dump) for propulsion, balance or pelvic stability  Horizontal ☐ stroke length ☐ reduce weight on casters  Rotational ☐ lateral stability	☐ full time manual w/c user requiring individualized fitting and adjustments for multiple features that cannot be provided on a standard, lightweight or high-strength lightweight w/c ☐ improved UE access to wheels ☐ reduce UE overuse injury ☐ full time w/c user for ADLs ☐ increase ability to perform high-level wheelchair skills ☐ amputee placement ☐	improved postural stability by changing angle     change axle position with increased proficiency of use     allow seat to back angle changes     adjust center of gravity     increase stability in wheelchair     increase growth adjustability due to axle changes     decrease footprint of w/c for increased maneuverability				
<ul><li>☐ Heavy-duty Manual Wheelchair</li><li>☐ Extra Heavy-duty MWC</li></ul>	□ accommodate user weight	☐ broken frame on previous chair ☐ extreme tone ☐ excess movement				
☐ Stroller Base	☐ infant/child ☐ unable to propel MWC ☐ independent mobility is not a goal currently ☐ unable to safely operate a PMD	☐ non-functional ambulator ☐ non-functional UE ☐				
☐ Power Assist	<ul> <li>□ cannot functionally operate a manual wheelchair</li> <li>□ shoulder pain during manual w/c propulsion</li> <li>□ less expensive option to POV/PWC</li> <li>□ repetitive strain injury in shoulder girdle</li> <li>□ requires conservation of energy to participate in MRADLs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ unable to propel up ramps or curbs using a manual wheelchair</li> <li>□ unwilling to use power wheelchair</li> <li>□ has been using ultralight wheelchair base for more than a year</li> <li>□ home or transportation does not accommodate a power wheelchair</li> </ul>				
☐ Scooter/POV	<ul> <li>□ non-ambulatory</li> <li>□ non-functional ambulator</li> <li>□ cannot functionally propel MWC</li> </ul>	☐ has adequate trunk stability ☐ can safely operate & is willing to ☐ can safely transfer ☐ home environment supports use				

MODILITY DAGE	HOTIE	OATION
MOBILITY BASE	JUSTIFIC	
☐ Power Wheelchair ☐ Group 1 PWC	non-ambulatory non-functional ambulator cannot functionally propel MWC	requires speed adjustability requires torque adjustability requires sensitivity adjustability requires acceleration
Group 2 PWC	cannot functionally and/or safely operate scooter/POV	adjustability
Group 3 PWC required for suspension to	home environment does not	requires braking adjustability
minimize pain	support the use of a POV	requires expandable electronics
☐ manage tone/spasticity ☐ mitigate reflex activity	home environment supports use of	requires expandable electronics
☐ maintain balance/upright sitting	power wheelchair	Tequires alternative arive control
maintain balance/uphgnt sitting maintain posture/position/head control	an safely operate & is willing to	required to negotiate an incline
maintain contact with drive control	can safely transfer/be transferred	of
	l 🗖 🧪 🕺	required to negotiate obstacles/
Group 4 PWC		threshold ofin.
☐ Group 5 PWC for pediatric use		required to traverse distances/terrain
SEAT FUNCTIONS/POSITION CHANGES	JUSTIFIC	CATION
☐ Tilt Base or Tilt Feature Added	change position against	increase sitting tolerance
☐ Forward ☐ Rearward ☐ Lateral	gravitational force on head/trunk	facilitate safe transfers
☐ Forward ☐ Rearward ☐ Laterar	change position for pressure	manage tone/spasticity
De and Oteran and all	redistribution/cannot weight shift	rest periods/inability to transfer
Powered tilt on power chair	improve chewing, swallowing and/or	out of chair for rest
☐ Powered tilt on manual chair	digestion	assist/maintain postural alignment
	minimize risk of aspiration	facilitate postural control
☐ Manual tilt on manual base	decrease respiratory distress	maintain vital organ capacity
☐ Manual tilt on power base	facilitate visual orientation	manage autonomic dysreflexia
	decrease pain	manage orthostatic hypotension
	blood pressure management	
☐ Recline	accommodate femur to back angle	recumbent rest periods and sleeping
☐ Semi (>15° but < 80°) ☐ Full ( > 80°)	full pressure redistribution/cannot	in wheelchair
	weight shift	repositioning
☐ Power recline on power base	☐ head/neck positioning/support☐ maintain muscle length/joint ROM	☐ increase sitting tolerance ☐ facilitate postural control
☐ Power recline on manual base	manage tone/spasticity	use in conjunction with elevating leg
	blood pressure management	rests to raise LE above heart to
☐ Manual recline on manual base	decrease respiratory distress	manage edema
☐ Manual recline on power base	manage bowel/bladder/catheter care,	improve circulation
	intermittent catheterization,	decrease pain
	undergarment, change	use in conjunction with tilt for optimal
	facilitate safe transfers	pressure redistribution as tilt alone
	participation in ADL care	does not accomplish effective
		pressure relief/ reperfusion
□ Power Anterior Tilt	increase independence in transfers	facilitate level eye position while
☐ Power Adj. Seat Height	minimize risk of fall/injury in transfers	communicating
☐ Power Standing Feature	☐ increase independence in ADLs☐ increase functional reach	drive at elevated height for improved line of sight and safety
_	minimize over shoulder reach and	increased weight bearing
	risk for overuse injury	decrease joint contractures
	decrease hyper lordotic neck position	improve digestion and elimination
	minimize eliciting STNR	provide pressure distribution away
	decrease pain	from scapula, sacrum, coccyx, and
	improve bathroom function and safety	ischial tuberosities
		support educational/vocational goals
☐ Power Leg Elevation	manage LE edema	maintain feet on footplate
☐ Center mount foot platform	improve circulation	increase ground clearance over
☐ Center mount foot platform w/ articulation	☐ maintain LE muscle length/joint ROM☐ position LEs at 90° when upright, not	thresholds, curbs or uneven terrain center mount tucks into chair to
	available with standard power ELRs	decrease turning radius in the home-
☐ Elevating legrests	indep. operation of ELRs needed, not	not available with ELRs
☐ Elevating legrests w/ articulation	available with center mount	physically unable to operate manual
	elevate LEs during tilt, recline or tilt	elevating leg rests
	and recline	
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON POWER SE	ATING FUNCTIONS	

PWC ELECTRONICS	JUSTIFICATION				
Control/input device	provides access for controlling pwc				
☐ Proportional	required as part of an expandable				
Standard joystick	system  unable to generate sufficient force to				
☐ Expandable joystick ☐ Specialty joystick (i.e., mini, compact)	operate a standard joystick				
Head control	☐ limited movement/strength to operate				
Chin control	a standard joystick				
Other extremity control	required to operate the pwc with the				
	head, chin or other body part  unable to use a std joystick handle				
☐ Specialty joystick handle	Unable to use a stu joystick flatidie				
☐ Non-proportional	☐ lacks motor control to operate				
☐ Electrical switches	proportional drive control				
_Mechanical switches ☐Head array	unable to understand prop. controls				
☐ Sip and puff	☐ lacks UE function for prop. controls				
	needed to operate control using air				
Combination	pressure through straw, tube, or wand				
☐ Combination ☐ Head array sip and puff	progressive disease/changing				
	condition				
Other					
	_				
Body Part(s)					
☐ Left ☐ Right					
□ expandable controller/	required for proper set-up of	harness is required with an			
wire harness	electronics with multiple power seat functions (> 3 actuators)	expandable controller to provide necessary connectors for operation			
☐ Through drive control operation	☐ required to operate one power seat function with an alternative	uses a joystick and is unable to operate a switch throughout the			
of power seat functions	drive control device	full range of tilt or recline			
	required to operate two or more	uses a joystick and is unable to			
	power seat functions with an	operate a switch throughout the			
	alternative drive control device	full range of two or more power seat functions			
□ Dienlay boy	necessary for alternate controls				
☐ Display box ☐ Tracking technology	to minimize the need for excessive	☐ allows user to see mode/ drive profile ☐ lack of strength to make constant			
Tracking technology	movements to drive the chair over	corrections to safely progress in a			
	thresholds and on uneven surfaces	straight line forward			
	required for use with non-proportional	☐ lack of endurance to make constant			
	drive control to minimize the need for	corrections to safely progress in a			
	excessive drive commands	straight line forward			
	for safety when using a latched	☐ lack of coordination to make constant			
	driving system	corrections to safely progress in a			
		straight line forward			
☐ Mount for switches	swing away for safe transfers	attaches joystick, switches to w/c			
☐ Mount for joystick		provides for consistent access			
Attendant controlled joystick and	allow caregiver to control wheelchair	compliance with transportation			
mount	In case of medical emergency or chair malfunction	regulations  allow age/developmentally			
	user requires assistance for safety in	appropriate assistance when driving			
	unfamiliar environments				
	user is no longer able to operate drive				
	control device throughout the day				
☐ Batteries / charger	required to power base	charge battery for wheelchair			
☐ Ventilator battery	required to power ventilator				
☐ Lights	$\square$ safe operation within the home once	increase visibility at night or during			
	dwelling lights are turned off	inclement weather			
		increased safety crossing street			
☐ Other					

MOBILITY BASE COMPONENTS	JUSTIFICATION					
☐ Angle adjustable back ☐ Depth adjustable back ☐ Height adjustable back	postural control control of tone/spasticity accommodate range of motion	☐ UE functional control ☐ accommodate seating system ☐ accommodate growth				
☐ Dynamic Back	□ absorb forces exerted by user to improve durability of equipment □ absorb forces exerted by the user to prevent loss of position in seating sys □	<ul> <li>□ provide movement to decrease agitation</li> <li>□ provide sensory input</li> <li>□ enhance voluntary movement</li> <li>□ accommodate abnormal involuntary movement</li> </ul>				
☐ Armrests ☐ fixed ☐ adj. height ☐ removable ☐ swing away ☐ flip back ☐ reclining ☐ full length ☐ desk length ☐ tubular ☐ waterfall arm pad ☐	☐ accommodate seat-elbow meas. ☐ provide support with elbow at 90° ☐ postural control / trunk support ☐ assist with pressure relief ☐ allow UEs to move w/ reclining back	☐ change height/angle for ADLs ☐ remove for transfers ☐ access to table ☐				
□ Foot Platform/ Footrests/ Leg Rests      □ one-piece footplate/foot platform     □ standard	□ provide LE support □ enable safe transfers □ accommodate knee ROM limitation(s) □ maintain muscle length/joint ROM □ provide change in position for legs □ maintain feet on footplate □ independent LE positioning R /L □ manage tone/spasticity □ improve circulation □ use in conjunction with tilt, recline or tilt and recline to decrease edema	<ul> <li>□ provide sensory input</li> <li>□ accommodate involuntary movement</li> <li>□ provide movement to decrease agitation</li> <li>□ absorb forces by user to increase durability of equipment</li> <li>□ absorb forces by user to prevent loss of position in seating system</li> <li>□ absorb movement without resistance to control tone</li> </ul>				
☐ Foot Support ☐ flip up ☐ fixed/rigid ☐ adjustable angle ☐ R ☐ L ☐ multi-adjustable angle ☐ R ☐ L ☐ dynamic ☐ contracture support	<ul> <li>□ provide foot support</li> <li>□ accommodate ankle ROM</li> <li>□ provide foot support with proper pressure distribution</li> <li>□ allow foot to go under w/c base</li> <li>□ facilitate safe transfers</li> <li>□</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ accommodate/facilitate movement</li> <li>□ absorb forces by user to prevent loss of position in seating system</li> <li>□ absorb forces by user to increase durability of equipment</li> <li>□ prevent foot/feet from falling off foot support</li> </ul>				
Propulsion wheel Size  Spokes mag spokes Propulsion tires pneumatic semi-pneumatic	☐ increase access to wheel ☐ allow seating system to fit on base ☐ accommodate seat to floor height ☐ decrease overall weight of w/c ☐ decrease maintenance ☐ prevent frequent flats ☐ user unable to maintain air in tires	☐ increase propulsion ability ☐ maintenance free ☐ larger wheel improves ability to negotiate thresholds/uneven terrain ☐ decrease wt. for loading into vehicle ☐ increase shock absorbency ☐ decrease pain ☐ decrease spasms				
☐ flat free inserts ☐ solid ☐  Wheel rims / Hand rims ☐ metal ☐ plastic coated ☐ ergonomic Projections ☐ oblique ☐ vertical	decrease rolling resistance increase self-propulsion with hand weakness/decreased grasp provide ability to propel wheelchair	reduce/mitigate carpal tunnel syndrome				
☐ Alternative propulsion methods ☐ one armed drive ☐ R ☐ L ☐ lever activated ☐ gear reduction	☐ enable propulsion of manual wheelchair with one arm ☐ functional use of only one UE ☐	☐ decrease shoulder pain ☐ increase energy efficiency for self- propulsion				
☐ Quick release axle	allows wheels to be removed to decrease size for storage	decrease weight for lifting				
☐ Amputee adapter	unable to counterbalance in w/c due to loss of LE	increase rearward stability				
☐ Spoke protector ☐ Wheel locks ☐ push ☐ pull ☐ scissor ☐ hub ☐ foot	□ protect hand/fingers from injury □ stabilize wheel for transfers □ lock wheels to prevent rolling □ independent in applying wheel locks	□ allows complete wheel clearance in unlocked position to prevent injury during propulsion				

MOBILITY BASE COM	IPONENTS	JUSTIFICATION				
Casters Size fixed caster housing a shock absorbing casters  Caster tires	dj caster housing	□ maneuverability     □ stability of wheelchair     □ accommodate seat to floor height     □ durability     □ maintenance free/prevent flats     □ angle adjustment for postural control	☐ increase shock absorbency ☐ decrease pain ☐ decrease spasms ☐ increase leverage for improved obstacle and transition management ☐ decrease fatigue from road shock			
	oneumatic olid	decrease rolling resistance keep user weight evenly distributed for decreased energy expenditure	decrease weight for more effective propulsion			
☐ Shock absorbers/ su	spension	decrease vibration decrease pain	decrease spasticity increase sitting tolerance			
Specific seat height Front Back		☐ foot propulsion ☐ transfers ☐ postural stability	accommodation of lower leg length			
☐ Anti-tipping device(s	)	minimize risk for rearward displacement or tipping	minimize risk for forward displacement or tipping			
☐ Side guards ☐ Transportation tie-do	wn ontion	☐ prevent skin tears/abrasions ☐ prevent body parts from becoming caught in wheel causing injury ☐ crash tested brackets for safety	☐ provide hip and pelvic stabilization ☐ prevent clothing from getting caught in wheel causing injury ☐			
☐ Rear cane/ Push hand ☐ standard ☐ angle adju ☐ extended ☐ dynamic	dles	☐ caregiver access ☐ caregiver assist ☐	allows "hooking" to maintain balance, perform pressure relief and participate in ADLs			
☐ Canopy		protect user from the elements regulate sensory input	user has light sensitivity			
☐ Crutch/Cane holder☐ Cylinder holder	<ul><li>☐ IV hanger</li><li>☐ Vent tray</li></ul>	stabilize ventilator/accessory on wheelchair	user is dependent on device			
SEATING / POSITIONIN		ITS				
COMPONENT	Mfg/model/size	JUSTIFI	CATION			
☐ Seat cushion		accommodate impaired sensation decubitus ulcers present history of decubitus ulcers increase pressure distribution	stabilize pelvis prevent pelvic extension accommodate obliquity/rotation accommodate multiple deformity promote hip/femur alignment			
☐ Seat cushion – Custom Molded		custom seat cushion required "off the shelf" will not accommodate deformity				
☐ Additional seat components						
☐ Seat wedge		accommodate ROM limitations	aggressive seat shape to decrease sliding down in the seat			
☐ Cover replacement		protect back or seat cushion				
<ul><li>☐ Seat board</li><li>☐ Seat platform</li><li>☐ Back board</li></ul>		support cushion to prevent hammocking of upholstery	attach cushion/back to base accommodate seat to floor height			
☐ Back support		<ul> <li>□ provide posterior trunk support</li> <li>□ provide posterior/lateral trunk</li> <li>support</li> <li>□ accommodate deformity</li> <li>□ accommodate or decrease tone</li> <li>□ facilitate tone</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ provide lumbar/sacral support</li> <li>□ support trunk in midline</li> <li>□ pressure relief over spinous</li> <li>□ processes</li> </ul>			
☐ Back cushion – Custom Molded		custom back cushion required "off the shelf" will not accommodate deformity				
☐ Additional back						
components  ☐ Mounting hardware ☐ seat ☐ back ☐ removeable ☐ fixed ☐ swing away ☐ dynamic		attach seat platform/cushion attach back platform/cushion	sensory input accommodate/facilitate movement			

COMPONENT	Mfg/model/size	JUSTIFICATION	
☐ Pelvic positioner		stabilize pelvis in neutral rotation	pad for protection over boney
☐ Single pull belt		neutralize destructive postural	Prominence(s)
Dual pull belt		tendency	special pull angle to control tilt,
Specialized belt		counteract rotation	rotation and/or obliquity
☐ SubASIS bar		counteract obliquity maintain contact with w/c cushion	П
		pelvis in neutral	accommodate tone
☐ Lateral pelvic		accommodate pelvic deformity	
support □ R □ L		accommodate power deforming	
☐ Lateral pelvic		remove/swing-away for safe transfers	accommodate/facilitate movement
_ support hardware			
removeable fixed			
swing away			
dynamic		position thighs in alignment	decrease LE abduction
☐ Lateral thigh/ knee		accommodate windswept deformity	☐ decrease LE abduction
support □ R □ L			
☐ Lateral thigh/knee		remove/swing-away for safe transfers	accommodate/facilitate movement
support hardware			
removeable fixed			
swing away			
dynamic		decrease adduction	accommodate windowent deformity
		accommodate ROM limitations	accommodate windswept deformity
☐ Medial thigh/ knee		remove/swing-away for safe transfers	accommodate/facilitate movement
support hardware			
removeable fixed			
swing away/flip down			
dynamic			
☐ Foot support		position foot	provide stability
☐ Foot box		accommodate deformity	decrease tone control position
☐ Shoe holder(s)			Gorardi podition
□R□L			
☐ Ankle strap		support foot on foot rest	provide input to heel
☐ Toe strap		decrease extraneous movement	☐ protect foot ☐ increase stability
☐ Heel loops		position/ support foot	inhibit abnormal tone patterns
☐ Calf Strap			·
Lateral thoracic		☐ decrease lateral trunk leaning ☐ accommodate asymmetry	safety control of tone/spasticity
Supports □R □L		contour for increased contact	
☐ Anterior chest		decrease forward movement of	added abdominal support
strap, vest, or		shoulder	alignment
shoulder retractors		accommodate of TLSO	assistance with shoulder control
		decrease forward movement of trunk accommodate/facilitate movement	decrease shoulder elevation increase trunk stability
☐ Headrest		support during tilt and/or recline	accommodate ROM limitations
		provide posterior head support	improve respiration
		provide posterior neck support	improve chewing/swallowing
		provide lateral head support	accommodate tone/spasticity
		provide anterior head support	improve visual orientation
		placement of switches	
☐ Neck support		decrease neck rotation	decrease forward neck flexion
☐ Headrest hardware		mount headrest to back/base	accommodate ROM limitations
removeable fixed		mount headrest swing away lateral	sensory input
swing away/flip back		head/facial supports	accommodate involuntary
multi-axis adjustable		☐ mount anterior head support ☐ mount switches	movement help absorb forces by user to
☐ dynamic		swing away, flip back or	increase durability of equipment
		remove for safe transfers	enhance functional movement

COMPONENT	Mfg/model/size	JUSTIFICATION		
Upper extremity support Arm trough R L Hand support 's tray R L Full tray swivel mount joystick cutout elbow block R L wrist straps R L Essential needs bag or pouch  Other Other Other Tother		decrease UE edema   reduce shoulder subluxation   decrease gravitational pull on shoulder joint   control tone/spasticity   support midline trunk positioning   provide support for UE function   maintain hand in natural position   Required to hold, and provide access to medically necessary   medicine   special food   orthotics	help prevent UE from falling off support during tilt and/or recline help prevent UE from striking objects in the environment, prevent injury allow proper placement of tray without interference with controller access to AAC/ Computer/ EADL or another AT device diapers/undergarments catheter and hygiene supplies ostomy and hygiene supplies clothing for changes/weather	
Patient Name Printed				
Patient/Caregiver* Signa	ture		Dete	
* Caregiver Relationship	to Patient		Date	
☐ I, the above signed patient, certify that I am willing and able to use the recommended equipment.				
Therapist Name Printed			Lic. #	
Therapist's Signature			Date	
Supplier's Name Printed			ATP#	
Supplier's Signature			Date	
Therapist email and contact for reviewer  This is to certify that I, the above signed therapist, have the following affiliations  □ DME Supplier □ Mfg. of Recommended Eq. □ Patient's LTC Facility □ None				
I concur with the above findings and recommendations of the therapist and supplier				
Physician's Name Printed and preferred contact			Physician specialty	